2020/TDC/ODD/SEM/FCES-501/238

TDC Odd Semester Exam., 2020 held in July, 2021

FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

(5th Semester)

Course No.: FCES-501

Full Marks: 50
Pass Marks: 17

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer five questions, taking one from each Unit

UNIT—I

- **1.** (a) Choose the correct options of the following: $1 \times 3=3$
 - (i) The diameter of the earth is around 13000 km/14000 km/17000 km.
 - (ii) Climax of mammalian evolution occurred in the earth during Quaternary/Tertiary period of Coenozoic era.

(2)

- (iii) The proportion of oxygen in the earth's atmosphere is approximately 27/21/39 percent.
- (b) What is palaeontology? Differentiate between population and community. 1+2=3
- (c) Discuss briefly the negative interactions among the organisms in the biosphere. 4
- **2.** (a) Choose the correct options of the following: 1×3=3
 - (i) The surface temperature of the sun is around 4600 °C / 3000 °C / 6100 °C.
 - (ii) Expansion and dominance of dinosaurs occurred in the earth during Jurassic / Cretaceous / Devonian period of Mesozoic era.
 - (iii) Commensalism is a negative / positive / neutral interaction among the organisms.
 - (b) What are fossils? "A species is a natural biological unit, a reproductive unit and a genetic unit." Explain the statement.

1+2=3

(c) What is meant by adaptation? Classify the natural environment. 2+2=4

(3)

(4)

UNIT—II

- **3.** (a) Choose the correct options of the following: $1 \times 3=3$
 - (i) The term 'Ecology' was coined byE. P. Odum / Charles Elton /Ernst Haeckel.
 - (ii) The physiological process in which oxygen is liberated is photosynthesis / respiration / transpiration.
 - (iii) Freshwater lake is an example of lotic/lentic/estuarine ecosystem.
 - (b) Differentiate between gross primary productivity and net primary productivity. What is meant by secondary productivity? 2+1=3
 - (c) What are meant by biogeochemical cycles? Discuss briefly the process of ecological succession. 1+3=4
- **4.** (a) Choose the correct options of the following: $1 \times 3=3$
 - (i) Each step in a food chain is referred as trophic level/trophic function/ seral stage.

- (ii) In an ecosystem, macroconsumers are also known as phagotrophs/osmotrophs/transformers.
- (iii) The Marianas Trench, the deepest part of the ocean in the Pacific ocean has depth of 11678 m/12300 m/10750 m.
- (b) Write a brief note on tropical rainforest. 3
- (c) Define ecosystem. Discuss the components of an ecosystem. 1+3=4

UNIT—III

- **5.** (a) Choose the correct options of the following: 1×3=3
 - (i) The concept of 'biosphere' be changed to 'noosphere' was suggested by Suess/Haeckel/Vernadsky.
 - (ii) The population of India in 1991 was 819·4/548·2/685·2 millions.
 - (iii) India occupies only 8% / 5% / 12% of the world's land surface.
 - (b) Classify natural resources with suitable examples.

10-21/584

(Turn Over)

10-21**/584**

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(6)

- (c) How do population explosion and over-exploitation of resources affect carrying capacity of the environment? Elucidate.
- **6.** (a) Choose the correct options of the following: 1×3=3
 - (i) The Primitive Agricultural Societies (PAS) were evolved around 12000 / 11000 / 10000 years ago.
 - (ii) Industrial Revolution took place in 17th / 19th / 20th Century.
 - (iii) Natural gas is an example of renewable / non-renewable / in-exhaustible resources.
 - (b) Write a brief note on abiotic resources.

 Name any two forest products. 2+1=3
 - (c) What are meant by Agrarian Societies?
 What were their lifestyles and how did
 they influence the environment?

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UNIT—IV

- **7.** (a) Choose the correct options of the following: $1 \times 3=3$
 - (i) The atmosphere contains over $5 ext{ } 10^{15}/7 ext{ } 10^{12}/9 ext{ } 10^9 ext{ } \text{metric}$ tons of air.

- (ii) The concentration of carbon monoxide (CO) in blood of human being that may cause death is 1000/1100/1200 p.p.m.
- (iii) Decibel (dB) is the unit for measuring depth/noise/distance.
- (b) Define pollution. Differentiate between biodegradable and non-biodegradable pollutants with suitable examples. 1+2=3
- (c) Discuss the various sources of water pollution.
- **8.** (a) Choose the correct options of the following: $1 \times 3=3$
 - (i) Freshwater comprises only 3/4/5 percent of the earth's water supply.
 - (ii) Radioisotopes have different numbers of electrons/neutrons/protons.
 - (iii) Aerosols are particulates having size of less than/more than/equal to 1 micrometer (m).
 - (b) Write a brief note on noise pollution.
 - (c) Name major types of ionizing radiations of ecological concern. Enumerate the natural sources of radiation exposures to the environment. 1+3=4

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(Turn Over)

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10-21**/584**

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UNIT-V

- **9.** (a) Choose the correct options of the following: $1\times3=3$
 - (i) Rainwater having pH value less than 4/5/6 is called acid rain.
 - (ii) Rodenticides are used for killing birds/rats/frogs.
 - (iii) Eastern part of Thar in India is a hyperarid/arid/semiarid desert.
 - (b) Write briefly about the role of forests in soil and water conservation.
 - (c) Discuss the impacts of urbanization on the social environment.
- **10.** (a) Choose the correct options of the following: $1 \times 3=3$
 - (i) The Minamata disaster in Japan was caused by toxicity of cadmium/methyl isocyanate/methylmercury.
 - (ii) The Chernobyl disaster took place in 1984/1986/1991.
 - (iii) The river Ganga extends to a length of approximately 2525/3245/1975 km.

(8)

- (b) Briefly write about the Ganga Action Plan.
- (c) Discuss the incident of Bhopal tragedy and its impacts.

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